

Name: Solutions/Answers

1. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \sin^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

2. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \cos^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

3. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \tan^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

4. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \cot^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$$

5. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \sec^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

6. (4 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \csc^{-1}(x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}}$$

7. (6 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \cos^{-1}(x^2)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(x^2)^2}} \cdot 2x = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$$

8. (6 pts) Find y' given $y = \sin^{-1}(t^2+t)$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(t^2+t)^2}} \cdot (2t+1) = \frac{2t+1}{\sqrt{-t^4-2t^3-t^2+1}}$$

9. (6 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ given $y = 2t \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dt} &= 2 \cdot \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) + 2t \cdot \frac{1}{1+\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)^2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{t^2}\right) \\ &= 2 \cdot \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) - \frac{2}{t+\frac{1}{t}} \\ &= 2 \cdot \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) - \frac{2t}{t^2+1} \end{aligned}$$

10. (6 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \sec^{-1}(\pi-x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\pi-x)^2-1}} \cdot (-1) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\pi^2-2\pi x+x^2-1}}$$

11. (6 pts) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $y = \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{2x})$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{-1}{1 + (\sqrt{2x})^2} \left(\frac{1}{2} (2x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2 \right) = \frac{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2x}}}{1 + 2x} \\ &= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2x} (1 + 2x)}\end{aligned}$$

12. (6 pts) A particle moves along the x-axis so that its position in meters at any time $t \geq 0$ is given by $x(t) = \sin^{-1}(2t)$. Find the velocity, $v(t)$, of the particle at $t = \frac{1}{4}$ seconds.

$$\begin{aligned}v(t) &= x'(t) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 - 4t^2}} \\ v\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 - 4\left(\frac{1}{16}\right)}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}} = \frac{2}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \text{ m/sec}\end{aligned}$$

13. (6 pts) A particle moves along the x-axis so that its position in meters at any time $t \geq 0$ is given by $x(t) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$. Find the velocity, $v(t)$, of the particle at $t = 1$ seconds.

$$v(t) = x'(t) = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + \left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 + \frac{t^2}{4}} = \frac{2}{4 + t^2}$$